## **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

- 1. (currently amended) An accessory adapted to be mounted on the end of an outlet conduit (4) of an air blast device (1), said accessory comprising a tube having an axial passage, said tube adapted to be mounted coaxially with an axis of the outlet conduit, said tube having a cross-sectional area along its axis that decreases in a direction (F) in which [[the]]a predetermined finite amount of air is adapted to suddenly be discharged from the outlet conduit of the device (1), said tube then increases increasing in cross-sectional area along its axis—in the direction (F), thus forming a convergent segment (A) having an inlet cross-section area (E) and [[an]]a throat area of smallest cross section (D) followed by a single-angled divergent segment (B) having an outlet cross-section area (S) adapted to produce an instantaneous impact force external to the outlet cross-section (S) from the sudden discharge of the predetermined finite amount air and an inlet at the area of smallest cross-section (D).
- 2. (previously presented) An accessory according to claim 1, characterized in that the cross-section area (E) of the inlet of the accessory is equal to the cross-section area (S) of the outlet.
- 3. (previously presented) An accessory according to claim 1, characterized in that the outlet cross-section area (S) of the accessory is greater than the inlet cross-section area (E).

- 4. (previously presented) An accessory according to claim 1, characterized in that the ratio between the cross-section area (D) and the inlet cross-section area (E) is at least 1/5.
- 5. (previously presented) An accessory according to claim 1, characterized in that the ratio between the cross-section area (D) and the inlet cross-section area (E) is at least 1/3.
- 6. (previously presented) An accessory according to claim 1, characterized in that the ratio between the cross-section area (D) and the inlet cross-section area (E) is between 0.6 and 0.8.
- 7. (previously presented) An accessory according to claim 1, characterized in that the ratio between the cross-section area (D) and the outlet cross-section area (S) is at least 1/5.
- 8. (previously presented) An accessory according to claim 1, characterized in that the distance between the position of the cross-section area (D) and the seat against which a valve of the device (1) rests is a maximum of one meter for a pressure of up to twelve bar.
- 9. (previously presented) An air blast device comprising an inlet and an outlet, a control valve disposed between the inlet and the outlet for controlling air flow from the outlet, an accessory having a first end and a second end, the first end of said accessory being connected to the outlet of the air blast device, the accessory being in the form of a tube having a first segment of cross-sectional area gradually decreasing in size in a direction in which air is discharged from the air blast device and terminating at a point

that provides a cross-section area that is smallest across the tube and a second segment of cross-sectional area extending from said point and gradually increasing in size in the direction in which air is discharged from said outlet.

- 10. (previously presented) An air blast device as set forth in claim 9, characterized in that said accessory has an inlet (E) and outlet (S) of equal cross-section areas (S).
- 11. (previously presented) An air blast device as set forth in claim 9, wherein the accessory has an outlet cross-section area (S) greater than an inlet cross-section area (E).
- 12. (previously presented) An air blast device as set forth in claim 9, characterized in that said tube has cross-section area (D) measured at a point where the cross-sectional area as smallest and a cross-section (E) at the inlet, the cross-section areas (D) and (E) having a ratio of at least 1/5.
- 13. (previously presented) An air blast device as set forth in claim 9, characterized in that said tube has a cross-section area (D) measured at a point where the cross-sectional area is smallest and a cross-section (E) at the inlet the cross-section areas (D) and (E) having a ratio of at least 1/3.
- 14. (previously presented) An air blast device as set forth in claim 9, characterized in that said tube has a cross-section area (D) measured at a point when cross-sectional area is smallest and a cross-section area (E) at the inlet the cross-section areas (D) and (E) having a ratio between 0.6 and 0.8.

- 15. (previously presented) An air blast device as set forth in claim 9, characterized in that said tube has a cross-section area (D) measured at a point where the cross-sectional area is smallest and a cross-section area (S) at the outlet, ratio of areas (D) to (E) being at least 1/5.
- 16. (previously presented) An air blast device as set forth in claim 9, characterized in that the distance between a position corresponding to a smallest cross-section area (D) of the tube and a seat against which a valve of the air blast device rests is a maximum of one meter for a pressure of up to twelve bar.
- outlet conduit (4) of an air blast device (1), and comprising an inlet (E), an outlet [[(3)]](S) and an axial passage therethrough, said accessory when mounted having its axial passage coaxial with an axis of the outlet conduit, said axial passage having a cross-sectional area that decreases for a fixed distance in direction (F) in which the air is discharged, then increases for a fixed distance at a single angle in the direction (F) in which air is discharged, thus forming a convergent segment (A) followed by a constant angle divergent segment (B), said axial passage being adapted to produce an instantaneous impact force external to the outlet (S) from a sudden discharge of a predetermined finite amount air from the air blast device (1).
- 18. (previously presented) An accessory according to claim 17, characterized in that the ratio of the areas of the decreasing cross-section of the axial passage at the point of minimum cross-section area (D) and the cross-section area of the inlet of the axial passage is at least 1/5.
- 19. (previously presented) An accessory according to claim 17, characterized in that the ratio of the areas of the decreasing cross-section of the axial passage at the point

of minimum cross section area (D) and the cross-section area of the inlet of the axial passage is at least 1/5.

20. (previously presented) An accessory according to claim 17, characterized in that the inlet (E) and the outlet(S) have cross-sectional areas that have at least a 1/1 ration and a common cross-sectional area of minimum cross-section area (D), the ratio of the common cross-section area to each of the cross-section areas of the inlet being at least 1/3.